Lama sagittifara Lua

THE STANFORD EXPEDITION TO BRAZIL, 1911.

J. C. Branner, Director.

THE PHYTOPHAGA (EXCEPT CASSIDÆ AND HISPIDÆ) OF THE STANFORD EXPEDITION TO BRAZIL.

By Fred C. Bowditch.

Through the kindness of Mr. Wm. M. Mann the Phytophaga as above, taken by the Stanford Expedition, have been placed in my hands for identification, the localities are stated in detail on page 72 in Mr. Wolcott's paper on the Cleridæ. The collection is unfortunately small numerically in comparison with the number of species represented, but contains some interesting forms. The types and certain other specimens are in my collection. The numbers (in parenthesis) after some of the species are those affixed by Prof. R. Thaxter in his researches for Laboulbeniaceæ.

In addition to the species given below there are a few undetermined forms.

Notal.

Lema sagittifera Lac.	Natal	
gracilis Lac. (2212)	Pará, Independencia 2 (2212) Mirim	Ceará-
orbignyi Lac.	Maranguape Mts. 3	
tæniata Bates	. 1	
historionica Lac.	Independencia 2	
Megascelis lacertina Lac.	. 5	
near virgo Lac.	Independencia 1	
near viripidallens Clk.	Rio Madeira 1	
Pseudochlamys megalostomoides Lac.	Natal 10	
Chlamys his pidula Klug.	Porto Velho 1	
Anomæa humerigera Lac.	Rio Madeira 1	
Pachybrachys contortus Baly	Ceará 1 Maranguape Mts. 1	
sp.	Natal 12	
sp.	Independencia 3	
sp.	1	
sp.	" 1	
Scolochrus fallax Moritz	"	
	(8	
Monachus gemellus Suff.	Ceará 2	
near contractus Boh.	Ceará 1	
near contractus Boli.	Independencia 1	
Dachrys pusillus Lac. ?	1	

Megalostomis luctuosa Lac.	Porto Velho	1	
Proctophana tomentosa Lac.	Ceará	1	
Lamprosphærus near hebe Baly	Independencia	2	
· janthinus Lef.	"	1	
' sp.	Rio Madeira	2	
Habrophora sp. ?	4.6	1	
Colaspoides fulgurans Lef.	Porto Velho	1	
Colaspis æruginosa Lef.	Rio Madeira	11	
14-eostata Lef.	Natal	1	
strigosa Lef.	Rio Madeira	1	
« suturalis Lef.	Ceará	1	
inconspicua Jac.	Independencia, C	eará, Natal 8	
cribricollis Lef. ?		8,11	
Podoxenus iripennis Bow. nov. sp.	Rio Madeira	1 ^{°†}	
limbatus Lef.	Maranguape Mts.	. 1	
Metaxonycha pulchella Baly	Rio Madeira	1	
Agbalus strigatus Lef.	**	2,	
Corysthea cribrata Lef.	Independencia-Ce	eará 2	
· Nodostoma fraterna Lef.	" -M	anaos 2	
· Chalcophana hilaris Germ.	Manaos	2	
Nodonota sp. ?	Itacoatiara	1	
Paria boggiani Jac. ?	' Ceará	1	
Typophorus versutus Lef.	Independencia-Ceará. Baturité Mts. Maranguape Mts.		
annulatus Lef.	Independencia	1	
Myochrous tibialis Jac.	Baturité Mts.	2	
Bohemanni Lef.	Ceará	2	
Biorus femoralis Lef.	Rio Madeira	1	
Eumol pus surinamensis Fab.	Mo Madena	-Para	
Doryphora Fabricii Guér.	44	-rara 1	
· 12-guttata Fabr.	Porto Velho	2	
- Cælomera eayanensis Fabr.	Rio Madeira	2	
-	Alo Madeira	z -Manaos-Porto	
Dircema septum Erich.		Velho	
	M		
nigripenne Fabr. Galerucella sp.	Manaos Manaos	3 5	
	Manaos		
Monocesta nigricornis Clk.	D' - M- 1-1	(,	
Cerotana congener Baly	Rio Madeira	-Porto Velho	
• cxeavata Baly	66	2	
xanthopus Perty	66	1	
sp. ?		1 0	
arcuata Oliv.	Independencia "	1	
Neobrotica 6-plagiata Jac.	D: M 1:	4	
brasiliensis Bow. sp. nov.	Rio Madeira	1	
Diabrotica tarsata Gahan	Rio Madeira	1	
• atromaculata Baly		2	

· kirbyi Baly	Independencia-Cea	rá 3		
, significata Galian	interest in the late of the			
* speciosa Germ.	6.6	Baturité Mts.		
* rufolimbata Baly	4.6	2		
eonfraterna Baly	Rio Madeira	1		
· scdata Baly ?	Independencia	2		
proximans Baly	Manaos	1		
* bivittula Kirsch	Independencia-Para			
, perplexa Baly	"	-Baturité Mts. 2		
zelota Gahan	Pará ·	1		
* Pascai Baly	Ceará	ī		
Luperus near subglabrata Jac.	Rio Madeira	I		
Luperus neur suogiaoraia sac.	Porto Velho (2220)	2		
Luperodes sp.	Rio Madeira	~ I		
Hermwophaga near parvula Jac.	Rio Madeira	-Independencia 2		
near teapensis Jae.	Natal	6		
•	Independencia	1		
Systena near margenalis III. Notozona balyi Jae.	Rio Madeira	1		
· ·	Ceará	5		
Trichaltica nigripennis Bow. n. sp.	Rio Madeira-Porto			
Disonycha glabrata Fab.	Mo Madena-1 orto	1		
amazonica Jac.	Rio Madeira	1		
Sparnus sp.		1		
Lactrica citrina Har.	Independencia Porto Velho			
near femorata Jac.	Rio Madeira			
sellata Baly ?	Rio Madeira	1		
weisei Jac.	Dt. V.ll.	8		
* sp.	Porto Velho	4 (2219)		
° sp.	44 44	,		
sp.	D' M 1.5	1 (22 =		
Homophyla adusta Har.	Rio Madeira			
~ nigrita Duv.	Independencia	3		
· variabilis Jac. ?	Rio Madeira	2		
sp.	Ceará	1		
Homophæta recticollis Baly	Rio Madeira	2		
abbreviata Ol.	3.5	1		
* bitaniata Jac.	Manaos	6 V II D 4		
· æquinoctialis Linn.	Independencia, Po	rto Velho, Para 4		
2 - 1 - 11	25	(2213 Para)		
G-notata Har.	Manaos	1		
· aunularis III.	Rio Madeira	1		
Monoplatus?	Baturité Mts.	15		
Asphæra elegantissima Schf.	Rio Madeira	2 (2218)		
abbreviata Fabr.	44	1 (2217)		
4-maculata Clark (var.?)		I (1224)		
siebersii III.	Pará	5 (5531)		
, fulcrata Erich.	Independencia	I		

Œdionychis amazona Bow. (incons)	picua Jae.)Rio Madeira	1	
bakeri Bow. nov. sp.	Manaos	1	
- bifasciata Baly	Rio Madeira	3	
branneri Bow. sp. nov.	46	1	
© 12-notata Jac.	66	1	
ingrata Jae.	Independencia	1	
= interrupto-vittata	Independencia	1	
manni Bow. nov. sp.	Rio Madeira	1	
rufina Ill.	Pará	1	
· scissa Germ. var.	Independencia	1	
	Maranguape Mts.	1	
turpis Jac.	Porto Velho	1	(2240)
zebrata Ill.	Independencia	1	
suffusa Bow. sp. nov.	Rio Madeira	1	
· dipus Ill.	Pará	3	

Podoxenus iripennis sp. nov.

Yellow, fulvous; mandibles, eyes, tarsi, upper half of 5 joint and joints 6, 7, and 9-10-11 of antennæ black, thorax margined, strongly angulate at middle, elytra suffused with cyaneous, except at posterior third.

Type 1 \circ Rio Madeira length $6\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Head shiny impunctate, except between the eyes where a deep transverse fovea shows a few punctures, labrum large almost square, epistome broadly emarginate, vertex convex, thorax about half wider than long, strongly margined on the sides, which are regularly and sharply angulate at the middle, anterior angle sharp and prominent, surface shiny, coarsely and irregularly punctate, more crowded and semi confluent at the sides, elytra with a moderate subbasal depression, the surface thickly, rather coarsely punctured on the disk and behind and having a decided tendency to a geminate arrangement, the rows as usual becoming single towards the apex which is strongly costate, the costae being continued as obsolete smooth lines for some distance forward, the cyaneous coloring avoids the sutural and lateral edges as well as the apex and shows only as a faint coppery reflection, body beneath entirely pale, except for the dark tarsi and the extreme tips of middle and posterior tibiae.

The coloring of the elytra, the evenly angulate thorax and the sharply colored antennæ will help to separate this form.

Neobrotica brasiliensis sp. nov.

Head and thorax reddish yellow with a touch of green (thorax perhaps in living specimens green) antennæ pallid, elytra pallid yellowish green, with a basal band broken into 4 spots, a wide median band dilated externally and a thick semi lunate ante apical spot brownish black, feet yellow, tibiæ and tarsi brown, body below yellow with pectus brown.

Antennæ yellow, apex and middle fuseous joints 3 and 4 equal, thorax with a deep transverse lunate depression not attaining the margins, scutel dark brown, elytra semi shining, thickly punctate, the punctures arranged pretty regularly, in very close rows, the four basal spots are arranged two on either side of the suture and not touching it and two humeral, the middle band shows a tendency to run up and down the suture to join the anterior and posterior spots.

Superficially resembles my specimens of denticornis Jac (though not the figure in Biologia).

Trichaltica nigripennis sp. nov. Paragraphica #2 USNM

Elongate, very faint bronzy black, thorax reddish yellow, feet variable from black to more or less yellowish, elytra feebly costulate with fine punctures geminate at the sides and subgeminate on the disk and single rowed behind.

Type Ceará length $3\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

The mouth and antennæ in some examples are slightly fuscous, the punctuation of the thorax is coarse, even and quite thick and the sides anteriorly show a slight sinuation, the pubescence of the clytra is uniform grayish arranged in lines, the bronzy color shown only faintly in a strong light.

Larger than most of the described forms (except thammi Baly) and very like an undescribed form from Argentine in my collection.

Œdionychis bakeri sp. nov.

Testaceous, head very dark piceous, base of antennæ and apex of tibiæ and tarsi piceous, body beneath black, each elytra with two short, straight black lines at the base, one humeral sublateral, the other almost median, also two small ante apical black spots placed obliquely, the outermost faint.

Type, Manaos, Brazil (1) length 6 mm.

About the form and size of pulpalis Jac. not much dilated and rather flattened and clongate. Head smoother with only a few punctures near the eye, frontal foveæ deep, eyes comparatively close, the whole space between occupied by the foveæ, frontal carina prominent between the antennæ, which are about half the length of the body, scape very dark piccous, the next two or three joints shading off to testaceous, fourth joint slightly longer than the third, mouth parts almost light testaceous, thorax smooth shining, sides broadly depressed, anterior angles scarcely notched at the side, clytra smooth polished very minutely punctulate, the basal black marks are very narrow parallel sided black lines, the outer placed on the outside edge of the humerus and parallel to the margin and extending to the median third, the inner line is almost median, parallel to the suture and the shorter of the two, the rear marks are at the beginning of the convexity, in line with the front marks, the inner a black dot, the outer a stain, apical third of the clytra sparingly ciliate. Many of the genus seem to show cilia on the clytra to a greater or less extent though it is rarely mentioned. My specimens of pulpalis Jac. show it.

Œdionychis manni sp. nov.

Testaceous, head and body beneath black, each elytron with two short, pointed, basal, black marks, the outer covering the humerus, the inner edge of the other touching the scutel, and two small sub-apical, obliquely placed black dots.

Type, Rio Madeira, Brazil 1

length $7\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Again like palpalis Jac. and closely allied to Bakeri Bow. Head black with a very deep frontal foveæ, finely strigosely punctate at its upper edge and with scattered punctures except on the upper vertex which is smooth, frontal carina very marked between the antennæ, which are half as long as the body and wholly testaceous, third joint slightly shorter than the fourth thorax as in Bakeri, elytra the same form as the last, shiny, smooth, and very obsoletely punctulate, the basal black marks are about 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ mm. long, widest at the base and then gradually drawn to a fine point, the external covers the humeral umbone and the point is drawn down so as to be parallel with the lateral margin, which it nowhere attains, the inner mark touches the scutel and the pointed end is directed to the middle of the disk; the effect of this placing is that the two inner marks appear to be divergent; the feet, under side of the thorax and mesothorax are testaceous.

Œdionychis branneri sp. nov.

Testaceous white, joints 1–3 of antennæ more or less piceous, 3–10 black, thorax with front and rear edges (except the dilated lateral edge) narrowly piceous black, scutel cloudy, elytra with suture very narrowly piceous and on each side 5 piceous black spots as follows: a round dot on the humerus, a slightly larger one immediately behind, near the margin, a larger one to the right of the last and a little towards the base and equidistant between the first two and the suture a transverse bend at the middle, convex in front and barely attaining the suture, and a subquadrate ante apical spot, body beneath cloudy, legs clear testaceous.

Type, Rio Madeira, Brazil 1

length $5\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Form that of albipennis Jac. Head with a transverse frontal foveæ and well marked frontal carina, surface dull and almost impunetate, antennæ a little longer than one half the body, the two apical joints markedly testaceous, thorax with broadly depressed sides and very slightly notched anterior angles, surface impunetate, elytra shiny, very obsoletely punctulate, the apex sparingly eiliate; the three first spots form a triangle of which the apex is the humerus, the middle spot is markedly convex in front, but only slightly convex behind. None of the spots attain the margin and only the extreme end of the middle spot encroaches on the suture. I place the species near parallina Jac.

Œdionychis suffusa sp. nov.

Head black, clypeus, labrum and mouth parts falvous, antennæ black, basal joints stained below with piceous, joints 3-4 equal, apieal joint fuseous, thorax pale flavous, scutel flavous stained with piceous, elytra pale flavous, with a narrow sublateral piceous stripe, dilated at the apical end into a large ill-defined spot which does not attain either the margin or suture, thorax beneath yellow, rest of body

black, legs pale flavous, the tibiæ and tarsi more or less pale piecous and the apex of the hind femora dark.

Type, Rio Madeira 1 probably ♂ length 4½ mm.

Head with a few small punctures near the eye, vertex smooth polished, thorax finely punctulate, sides broadly depressed, anterior angles very obsoletely notched, elytra only slightly dilated at the middle, oblong, finely and thickly punctured, the external edge of the piecous stripe is limited by the dilated margin, the internal edge is ill-defined and especially on the ante apical dilation shades gradually into the flavous ground color. The bicolored head with pale elytra and dark edge, and dark apex of the hind femora are the distinguishing features. Seems to be allied to tabida Jac. but is much smaller.